Judge checklist for the Tom Owen Statistics award:

Below are some ingredients of good statistical work in a project. The responses are open-ended, but generally will be something like: yes (clearly described), not discussed, implicit in the presentation, not clear. No project can be expected to include a large majority of the ingredients, but a good project will have at least one or two in each category (except 3d), and winning projects will address most of them. During interviews, judges may ask questions about points not covered in the presentation.

1. preliminary planning	
(a)	set-up
	objectives of research clearly stated
	population identified
	measurements and variables defined
(b)	design and sampling plan
	design described (controls, replication, blocks, crossing, nesting)
	randomization used
	sample size justified (or determined)
	sources of error (measurement, sampling variability, bias) identified
2. des	criptive statistics
(a)	data summaries
	sample estimators identified and appropriate
	tables clear and appropriate
(b)	data visualization
	graphs or plots presented
	variables identified, axes labelled, points and lines identified
	relationships clear and relevant

(a)	general	
	analysis appropriate for design	
	statistical models presented	
(b)	designed experiments	
	recognition that new samples would lead to different results	
	formal tests used (t-test, ANOVA, F-tests)	
	p-values used (and understood)	
	confidence intervals; coverage understood	
	Bayesian analysis; assumptions (eg, prior) and posterior understood	
(c)	observational studies	
. ,	recognition and sources of bias	
	attempts to control bias	
(4)	large sample and high-dim prediction (data mining, AI, image analysis)	
(u)	training and confirmatory subsamples	
	assessment of accuracy	
	false discovery rate	
	formal tests and comparisons of approaches	
conc	lusions	
conclusions clearly stated		
conclusions consistent with statistical design and analysis		
limitations (model fit, inappropriate aggregation, etc) discussed		
future steps identified		

3. Statistical Analysis

4.